Name_Professor S.K. Sinha___

epsilon0 = $8.85 \cdot 10^{-12} \text{ C2/N.m2}$ Coulomb's Constant k = $9 \cdot 10^{9} \text{ N.m2/C2}$ electron charge = $-1.6 \cdot 10^{-19} \text{ C}$ MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

Situation 25.1

Each plate of a parallel-plate air capacitor has an area of 0.0040 m², and the separation of the plates is 0.030 mm. An electric field of 1.5×10^6 V/m is present between the plates.

1) In Situation 25.1, the energy density between the plates is closest to:

A) 25 J/m³ B) 10 J/m³ C) 20 J/m³ D) 15 J/m³ E) 30 J/m³



The network shown is assembled with uncharged capacitors X, Y, and Z, and open switches, S_1 and S_2 . A potential difference V_{ab} = +120 V is applied between points a and b. After the network is assembled, switch S1 is closed, but switch S_2 is kept open.

2) In Figure 25.3, the energy stored in capacitor X, in mJ, is closest to:

A) 22	B) 7	C) 12	D) 65	E) 37

- 3) An air filled parallel plate capacitor is connected to a battery and allowed to charge up. Now a slab of dielectric material is placed between the plates of the capacitor while the capacitor is still connected to the battery. After this is done one would find that
 - A) the voltage across the capacitor had increased.
 - B) the energy stored in the capacitor had decreased.
 - C) the charge on the capacitor had not changed.
 - D) the charge on the capacitor had increased.
 - E) None of these is true.

Situation 26.2

The voltage and power ratings of a light bulb, which are the normal operating values, are 110 V and 60 W. Assume the filament resistance of the bulb is constant and is independent of operating conditions.

- 4) In Situation 26.2, the light bulb is operated at a reduced voltage and the power drawn by the bulb is 36 W. The operating voltage of the bulb is closest to:
 - A) 72 V B) 85 V C) 66 V D) 90 V E) 78 V